July 9, 2019

The Honorable Bryce Edgmon Speaker of the House State Capitol, Room 208 Juneau, AK 99801-1182

The Honorable Steve Thompson House Majority Leader State Capitol, Room 204 Juneau, AK 99801-1182

The Honorable Lance Pruitt House Minority Leader State Capitol, Room 404 Juneau, AK 99801-1182 The Honorable Cathy Giessel President of the Senate State Capitol, Room 111 Juneau, AK 99801-1182

The Honorable Lyman Hoffman Senate Majority Leader State Capitol, Room 508 Juneau, AK 99801-1182

The Honorable Tom Begich Senate Minority Leader State Capitol, Room 11 Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Speaker Edgmon, Representative Thompson, Representative Pruitt, President Giessel, Senator Hoffman, and Senator Begich:

We are Alaskan women lawyers writing to ask that you vote to override Governor Dunleavy's veto of Alaska Court System funds.

The Governor candidly admitted that he vetoed this allocation in retaliation for the Alaska Supreme Court's substantive decisions. Withholding court system funding in an attempt to control judicial decisions is a stunning attack on the separation of powers, which is crucial to our democracy.

Judicial independence and separation of powers are bedrock principles of our form of government. More than 200 years ago, in *Marbury v. Madison*, the United States Supreme Court established the principle of judicial review and defined the boundaries between the executive and judicial branches of the government. *Marbury* held that if a statute conflicts with the Constitution, the Constitution is supreme, and the courts may invalidate the unconstitutional law. This doctrine is a cornerstone of our entire constitutional system. Indeed, the Federalist Papers, the foundation of modern American conservatism, advocated for "the complete independence of the courts." Without an independent judiciary, whose duty it was to declare all acts contrary to the constitution void, all constitutional rights and privileges would be meaningless.

These principles are no less fundamental to Alaska's democracy. The Alaska Constitution vests specific powers in each branch of government and contains even stronger protections against governmental overreach than its federal counterpart. The

judicial branch has not only the power, but also the duty, to strike down legislation that violates the Alaska Constitution. The Framers of Alaska's constitution recognized that the separation of powers doctrine protects the electorate from tyranny; for this reason, delegates to the Alaska Constitutional Convention insisted that Alaska judges remain independent and free from executive branch pressure.

Flouting these principles of Alaska's very democratic structure, Governor Dunleavy is attempting to control Alaska judges by tying Court System funding to his personal agreement with judicial opinions. The Governor vetoed a portion of the Appellate Court's operating budget because he disagrees with the Alaska Supreme Court's holding that the Alaska Medicaid program must apply the same definition of "medically necessary" to women on Medicaid who seek abortions as to women seeking care to continue a pregnancy. To do otherwise would discriminate against women for exercising their fundamental rights protected by the Alaska Constitution. The Governor explained that he was vetoing the court's funding because "[t]he Legislative and Executive Branch are opposed to State funded elective abortions; the only branch of government that insists on State funded elective abortions is the Supreme Court." The Governor's veto was not motivated by cost savings. Most abortions cost the Medicaid program \$650 to \$750, while a typical uncomplicated hospital delivery costs Medicaid approximately \$12,000.

Whatever your personal view about abortion funding, this is a shocking attack on the separation of powers and judicial independence that cannot stand. The Governor's intent is clear: to punish the judiciary for its interpretation of the Alaska Constitution. But interpreting the constitution is precisely the job of the courts, and the courts alone. When the government violates individual constitutional rights, the courts are bound by duty to act. The Governor's veto therefore is an attempt to impermissibly control, coerce, and restrain the judiciary from exercising its independent judgment. This action violates the foundational principles of our government, it violates the separation of powers doctrine inherent in the Alaska Constitution, and it erodes our democracy in fundamental, structural ways. Allowing this veto to stand would set a precedent that will diminish all our rights by subjecting them to gubernatorial veto—now, and in future administrations. And not only are a woman's most basic fundamental rights threatened, but all rights that Alaskans across the political spectrum hold dear, like gun ownership and religious freedom.

Please vote to override this veto and restore the separation of powers and the independence of Alaska's judiciary.

Sincerely,*

Stephanie Aicher Saritha Anjilvel Karen Bendler
Anna Ambrose Danielle Bailey Margret Bergerud
Marie Anders Elizabeth Bakalar Maude Blair
Joy Anderson Nora Barlow Corrie Bosman

Suzanne Bostrom Ruth Botstein Teresa Bowen Chrystal Brand Lacey Jane Brewster **Brook Brisson** Heather Brown Jessica Brown Gayle Brown Valerie Brown Julie Bryant Mary Bullis Traci Bunkers Deborah Burlinski Rhonda Butterfield Joanna Cahoon

Casey Carruth-Hinchey

Siena Caruso
Sarah Carver
Rachel Cella
Shelley Chaffin
Joan Clover
Emily Cooper
Ann Courtney
Krissell Crandall
Anna Crary
Beverly Cutler
Louann Cutler
Carol Daniel

Erin Dougherty Lynch Margaret Dowling

Valerie Davidson

Michelle Delappe

Heidi Drygas Erin Egan

Amanda Eklund Monica Elkinton Monique Eniero Susan Evans

Susan Falk Julie Fields Lea Filippi Lisa Fitzpatrick Elizabeth Fleming Maryann Foley

Alexandra Foote-Jones Elizabeth Friedman Gayle Garrigues Brittany Goodnight Jessica Graham Emma Haddix

Helena Hall
Hollis Handler
Amanda Harber
Stephanie Harrod
Leone Hatch
Sara Heideman
Carolyn Heyman
Leslie Hiebert
Lindsay Hobson
Lee Holen
Carole Holley

Selena Hopkins-Kendall

Kay Howard Karla Huntington Saraellen Hutchison Melanie Iverson

Kaufman
Dena Ivey
Leslie Jaehning
Kelly Jantunen
Monica Jenicek
Maresa Jenson
Lee Jones

Sarah Josephson Erika Kahill

Olena Kalytiak Davis

Kathy Keck Pamela Kelley Meghan Kelly Marion Kelly

Kirsten Kinegak-Friday

Cortney Kitchen Marna Kranenburg Elizabeth Leduc

Grace Lee

Jahna Lindemuth Becky Lipson Toni London Susan R. Longacre

Emily Maass Amy Mackenzie Mary Lynn Macsalka

Mary Lynn Macsall Mera Matthews Byrona Maule Kelly McHugh Margaret McLane Shantal McNeil Amy R. Menard Allison Mendel Marissa Merculieff Michelle Meshke Julia Metzger

Michelle Meshke
Julia Metzger
Donna Meyers
Kristina Miller
Lara Nations
Michelle Nesbett
Amy Newman
Lannette Nickens
Rebecca Noblin
Linda O'Bannon
Judith O'Kelley
Deborah O'Regan
Katelyn Oldham
Susan Orlansky
Christine Pate
Rebecca Patterson
Elizabeth Pederson

Janet Platt

Helen Poitra-Chalmers

Danee Pontious Tasha Porcello Bridget Psarianos Jody Reausaw Dawn Reed-Slaten

Janine Reep Susan Reeves Deborah Reichard

Janet Rice

Elizaveta Ristroph Catherine Rogers Renea Saade Sohaila Sagheb Megan Sandone Sarah Schirack Sarah Shine Caitlin Shortell Sharon Sigmon Natasha Singh Michelle Sinnott Moira Smith Elizabeth Smith Katy Soden Lauren Sommer Lisa Weissler Andrena Stone

Allison Strickland Katherine Strong Cynthia Strout Ashley Sundquist Robin Taylor Camille Taylor Lane Tucker Sarah Tugman Diane Vallentine Jennifer Wagner Nancy Wainwright Stacy Walker Diane Walsh Kelsey Webber Cristina Weidner-Tafs

* A significant number of additional women lawyers expressed private support, but did not sign out of concern

for retribution.

Jana Weltzin

Sandra Wicks

Denise Wike

Tara Wheatland

Diana Wildland

Jill Wittenbrader

Emily Wright

Jessica Willoughby

Members of the Alaska House of Representatives cc:

Members of the Alaska State Senate

Office of the Governor